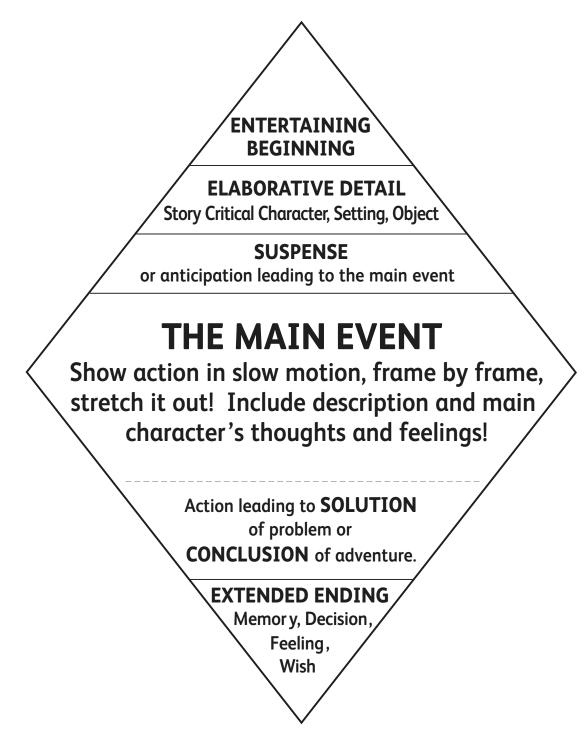
TABLE OF CONTENTS

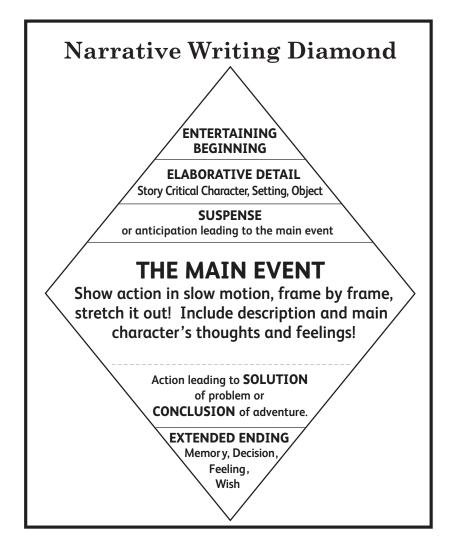
Narrative Writing Diamond	SRP	1
Narrative Writing Diamond with Summarizing Framework	SRP	2
Narrative Writing Diamond with Literary Elements	SRP	3
Informational Pillar	SRP	4
Opinion Pillar	SRP	5
Annotation and Analysis Process for Narrative Stories	SPR	6
Summarizing Frameworks	SRP	7
Annotation and Analysis Process for Informational and Opinion Texts	SRP	8
Sentence Starters for Opinion Writing	SRP	9
Literary Analysis Questions	SRP	10
Literary Elements: The Building Blocks of Story	SRP	11
Literary Elements Template	SRP	12
Narrative Diamond - Plot	SRP	13
Thinking About Reading	SRP	14
Common Literary Themes	SRP	15
Menu for Beginnings	SRP	16
Menu of Detail Generating Questions	SRP	17
Menu of Detail Generating Questions - Settings	SRP	18
Menu for Suspense	SRP	19
Magic of Three Template	SRP	20
Main Event	SRP	21
Menu for Extended Endings	SRP	22
4 Point Narrative Writing Rubric	SRP	23

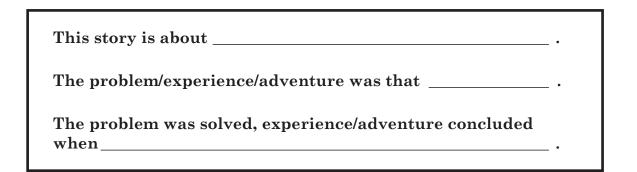


Narrative Writing Diamond



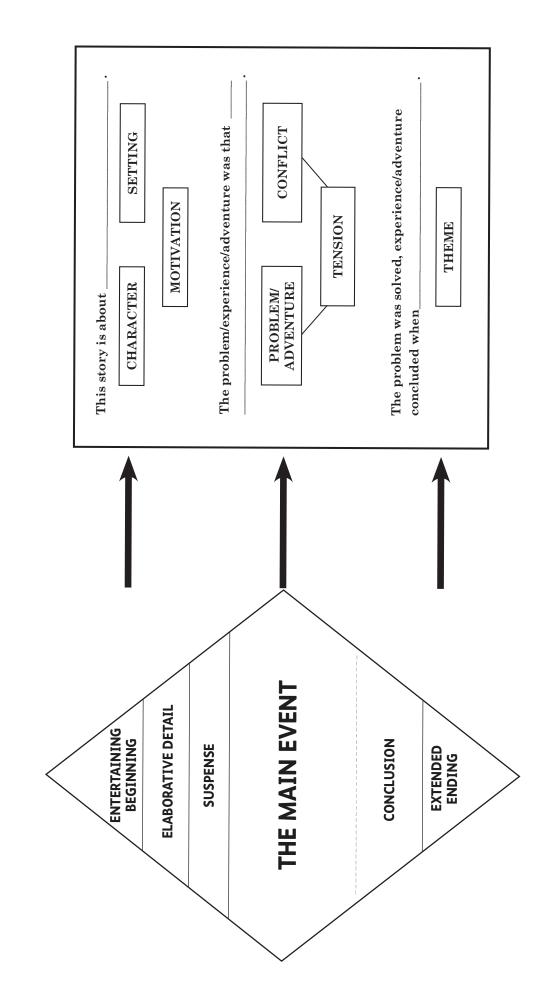
See the movement and shape of the plot and reduce the story to its key elements - SUMMARIZE!



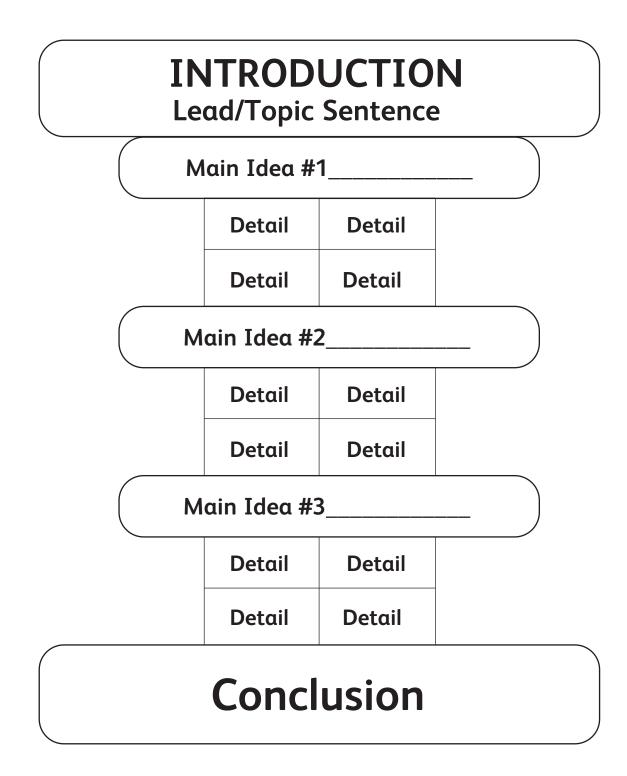


Use this same template for summarizing what you read AND to plan what you're going to write!

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Informational Pillar

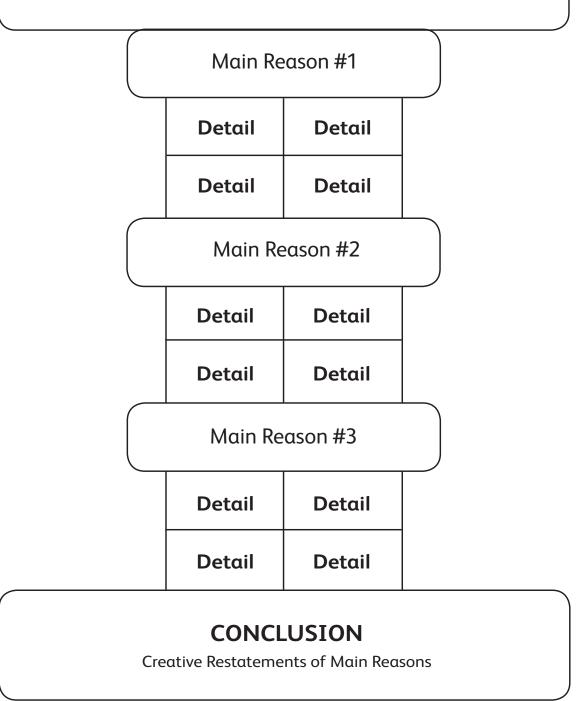




Opinion Pillar

INTRODUCTION

Lead/Opinion Statement



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Annotation and Analysis Process for Narrative Stories

- 1. Label the **title** what *genre* does the title hint at?
- 2. Circle the **entertaining beginning**, identify, label the technique.
- 3. Identify the **purpose of the story action** and main character's **motivation**.
- 4. Find **elaborative detail** describing the **setting** mark and label this.
- 5. Underline and label suspense, story tension, conflict.
- 6. Bracket the **main event**.
- 7. Underline and label the **conclusion/solution** or conclusion of adventure.
- 8. Circle the **extended story ending** and label each technique.
- 9. Identify the **theme**. Have students highlight the parts of the story that indicate theme.
- 10. Fill in **summarizing framework**. Allow students to prompt you.

This is a story about _____

The problem/experience was

The problem ended/concluded when

ENTERTAINING BEGINNING ELABORATIVE DETAIL Story Critical Character, Setting, Object SUSPENSE or anticipation leading to the main event THE MAIN EVENT

Show action in slow motion, frame by frame, stretch it out! Include description and main character's thoughts and feelings!

> Action leading to SOLUTION of problem or CONCLUSION of adventure. EXTENDED ENDING Memory, Decision, Feeling, Wish



SUMMARIZING FRAMEWORKS

Narrative Writing Summarizing Framework

This story is about _____

Character

The problem, adventure, or experience was that _____

Main Event

The problem was solved/adventure, experience concluded when _____

Opinion Writing Summarizing Framework
TOPIC:
MAIN REASON #1:
MAIN REASON #2:
MAIN REASON #3:
etc.:



.

SRP 8

Annotation and Analysis Process for Informational/ Expository and Opinion Texts

- 1. Identify **title/topic**.
- 2. Number each paragraph.
- 3. Circle and label **introduction**.
- 4. Bracket and label **body** of the piece.

student Reference Page

- 5. Underline **main idea** or **main reason** sentences, place **blurb** in margin (a word or phrase).
- 6. Cross check **supporting details** to main ideas.
- 7. Box and label the conclusion. Reference **main ideas**.
- 8. Fill in **summarizing framework**:

TOPIC: _____

MAIN IDEA/REASON #1: ____

MAIN IDEA/REASON #2: _____

MAIN IDEA/REASON #3: ______ etc.

Informational/Expository	Pillar
INTRODUCTION	

Lead/Topic Sentence
Main Idea #1_____

Detail

Detail

Detail

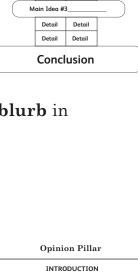
Detail

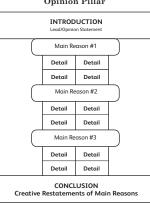
Detail

Detail

Main Idea #2_

Detail







SENTENCE STARTERS FOR OPINION WRITING

Con

Pro

One thing I enjoy is	One thing I dislike is
My favorite is	My least favorite is
I absolutely love	I absolutely hate
It's easy to see why I like	It's easy to see why I dislike
I really appreciate	I just can't appreciate
I heartily approve of	I completely disapprove of
I get really excited when	I get very disappointed when
I feel positive about	I feel negative about
There's nothing I'd rather do than	There's nothing I'd like to avoid more than
I look forward to	I dread
I am in favor of	I am against
I adore	I abhor
I'm very impressed by	I'm unimpressed by
I strongly support	I strongly oppose
I'm fond of	I don't care for
Opinion Statement	
In my opinion,	My stance is that
To me,	From my point of view,
According to my point of view	I think that
My belief is	It seems to me
As I see it,	My position is that
My attitude is that	
Transition Words	

- because
- for the reason that
- given that
- as cited by
- since
- as evidenced by
- in view of the fact that
- as illustrated by
- as demonstrated by the fact that

- as
- seeing that
- in light of the fact that
- supported by the fact that



Literary Analysis Questions

Locate evidence from the text to identify character, setting, motivation, plot, conflict and theme. Use the appropriate symbol on top of the evidence when you find it and label it with the appropriate literary element. (Color code the evidence instead of using the symbols.) Remember that in some stories there will be more than one piece of textual evidence.

✓ **Main point of view character:** Who was the main point of view character?

Setting: Where and when did the story take place?

Plot: What was the problem or adventure?

- Motivation: What did the main character(s) want?
- Conflict: What kept the main character(s) from getting what he/she/ they wanted?
- **X** Theme: What was the big idea of the story?

Use this summary every time you read a story.

This story is about_____

The problem/adventure/experience was______.

The problem was solved, experience or adventure concluded when _____

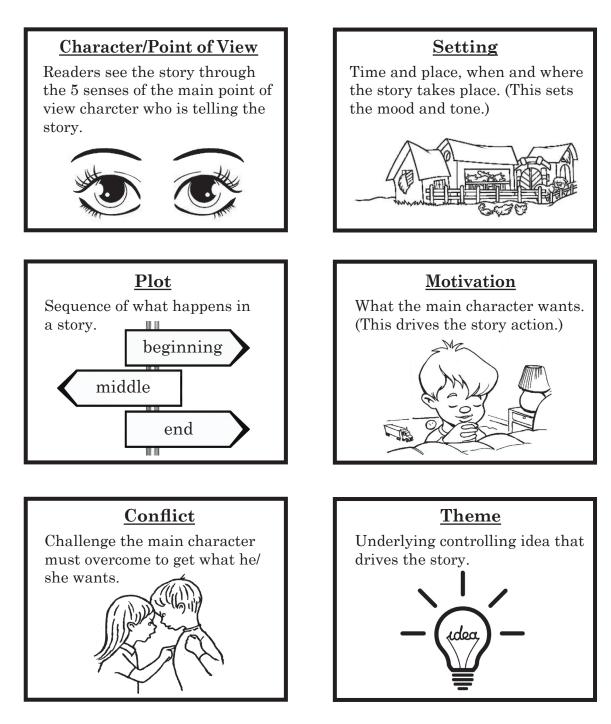
The theme of the story was_____

Sentence Starters for Providing Evidence:

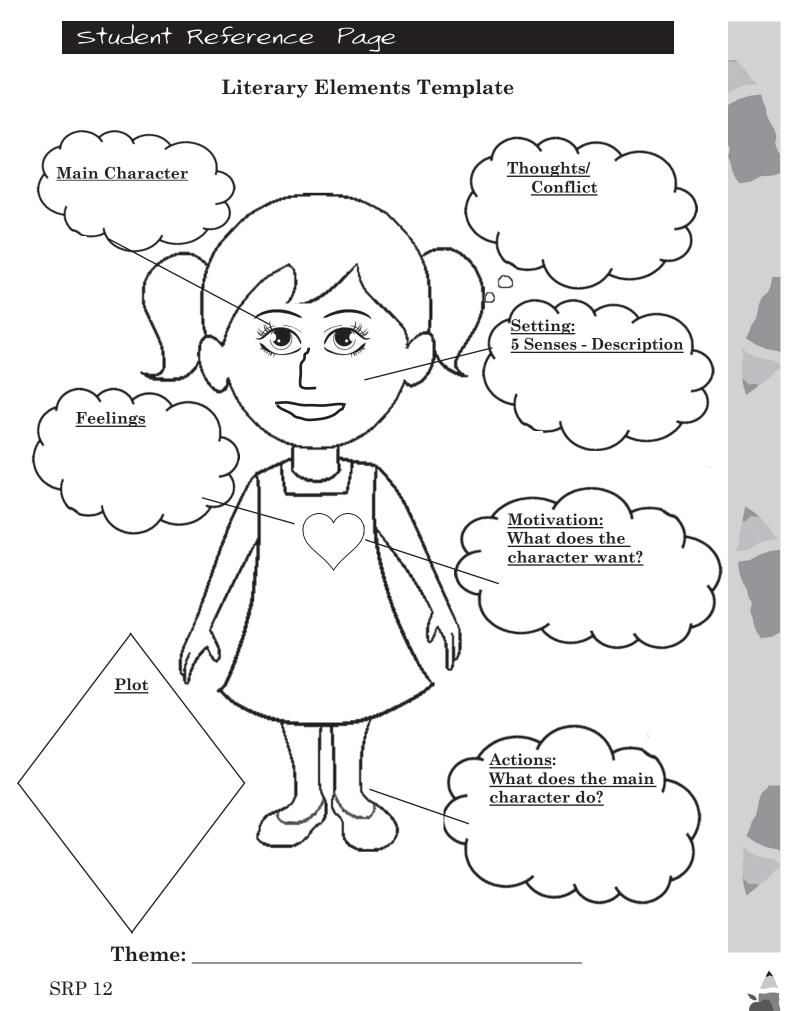
- The author shares _____.
- We see this as the main character _____.
- The text states, "_____".
- The reader realizes this when _____.
- The theme is clearly shown when _____.
- In paragraph _____, the author writes _____.
- "_____," writes the author to show _____.

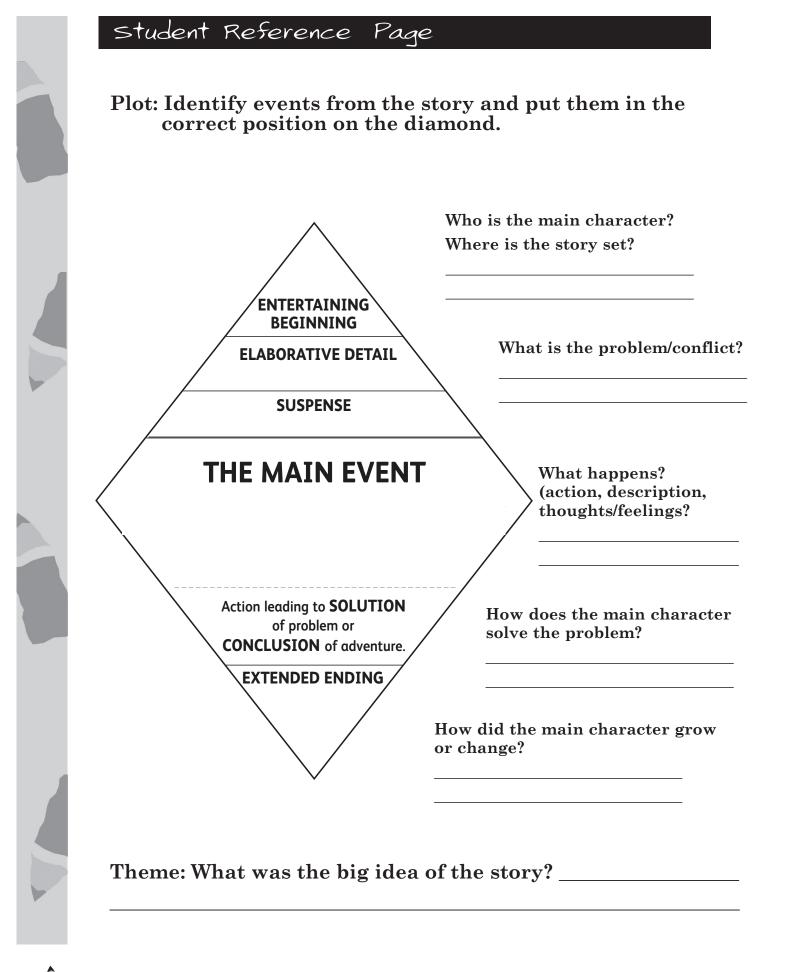
LITERARY ELEMENTS

The "Building Blocks" of Story









Student Reference Page

THINKING ABOUT READING

Inferential Thinking

This is the kind of reasoning you must use when the author hints at or *infers* something in a story, but doesn't state it outright.

Ex. When Marc told his joke Claire rolled her eyes and shook her head.

The reader **infers** that the joke wasn't very funny.





Evaluative Thinking

When we think in this way we compare what happened in the story to something in our own lives. This helps us empathize with and understand the story situation better.

Ex. It was just like the time when I got separated from my family at the amusement park. I know what it's like to feel scared.



COMMON LITERARY THEMES

- Acceptance
 Courage
 Perseverance
- Cooperation
 Compassion
 Honesty
- Kindness Loyalty Responsibility
- Ambition Appreciating what you have
 - Forgiveness The Value of Hard Work
 - Being a Graceful Loser
 - Learning from Mistakes
 - Being True to Yourself
 Individuality
 - Importance of Family Friendship
 - Determination Inequality Justice

Can you think of any others?



Grade 3 Narrative Writing Guide

Menu for Beginnings

- AN ACTION Put the main character in the setting doing something interesting and relevant.
- **DIALOGUE** Have the main character say something that expresses a feeling, creates worry, or raises the reader's interest or curiosity. It could be an EXCLAMATION.
- A THOUGHT/QUESTION Show what the main character is thinking or worrying about.
- A SOUND A story-relevant sound effect or a description of a sound is a great attention getting technique.

In order to generate these beginnings, the author asks him/herself some specific questions:

Action: What would you do?

Dialogue/Exclamation: What would you say or exclaim?

A Thought/Question: What would you be thinking, wondering or worrying?

A Sound: What would you hear?

Below you will find a generic list of detail generating questions that you may apply when creating elaborative segments of story critical characters, settings, and objects.

MENU OF DETAIL GENERATING QUESTIONS

QUESTIONS ABOUT A STORY CRITICAL CHARACTER -

How tall/big was this character?
What color hair/eyes?
How old was the character?
What kind of eyes/nose/mouth/ears did he/she have?
What kind/ color of hair did he/she have? (long, short, curly, straight, etc.)
What kind of marks, scars, or distinguishing characteristics did he/she have?
What was he/she wearing?
What kind of expression was on his/her face?
How did this character make you feel?
Who or what did this character remind you of?

QUESTIONS ABOUT A STORY CRITICAL SETTING -

What was the temperature/weather like?
What kinds of trees/plants grew there?
How did the air feel?
What kinds of animals were there?
What kinds of buildings were there?
What kind of objects were around?
What kinds of sounds did you hear?
How did you feel about being there?
What did you smell?

QUESTIONS TO ASK ABOUT A STORY CRITICAL OBJECT -

• What color was it? • What did it feel like? • What was its shape? • What size was it? • How old was it? • What was it made of? • What did it smell like? • What kind of sound did it make? • How heavy was it? • Who did it belong to? • Where did it come from? • What did it remind you of?

Notice that none of these are yes/no questions! Detail generating questions must be specific and must ask for particulars – not true/false/positive/negative! These are just some suggestions. Not all of them are applicable all the time, nor are these the only questions you can ask - you can think of other effective questions to add to this list.

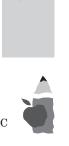
Below you will find a generic list of detail generating questions that you may apply when creating elaborative segments of settings.

MENU OF DETAIL GENERATING QUESTIONS - SETTINGS

QUESTIONS ABOUT A STORY CRITICAL SETTING:

- What was the temperature/weather like?
- What kinds of trees/plants grew there?
- How did the air feel?
- What kinds of animals were there?
- What kinds of buildings were there?
- What kind of objects were around?
- What kinds of sounds did you hear?
- How did you feel about being there?
- What did you smell?

Notice that none of these are yes/no questions! Detail generating questions must be specific and must ask for particulars – not true/false/positive/negative! These are just some suggestions. Not all of them are applicable all the time, nor are these the only questions you can ask - you can think of other effective questions to add to this list.



Menu for Suspense

Story Questions:

• What might your main character be wondering or worrying?

Word Referents:

Brainstorm a number of alternative ways to refer to the character or object you plan to reveal. Then ask the usual questions that apply to elaboration
but, substitute the word referents for the named character or object.

Magic of Three:

- Name a red flag word or phrase to grab the reader's attention.
- What might you hear/see/feel/sense that hints at the revelation?
- What is your reaction to this hint?
- What do you discover? (Nothing, the first two times.)





THE MAGIC OF THREE TEMPLATE

Red Flag word/phrase	, 1st. HINT:		
No discovery:			
Reaction:			
Red Flag word/phrase	, 2nd. HINT:		
No discovery:			
Reaction:			
Red Flag word/phrase	, 3rd. HINT:		
Revelation/Discovery:			
RI	ED FLAG WORDS AND P	HRASES	
Suddenly	Just then	All of a sudden	
A moment later	In the blink of an eye	Without warning	
The next thing I knew	Instantly	To my surprise	
	(add your own)		



MAIN EVENT

Don't Summarize! Make a Scene!

FULLY ELABORATED MAIN EVENTS are made up of a balance of:

- ACTION
- DESCRIPTION
- THOUGHTS/FEELINGS
- DIALOGUE/EXCLAMATION

And just for fun...

• SOUND EFFECT

Here are the productive questions that help to generate a fully elaborated MAIN EVENT:

ACTION: What did you do? (Tell it in slow motion, S-T-R-E-T-C-H I-T O-U-T!)

DESCRIPTION: What did you see, hear, feel?

THOUGHTS/FEELINGS: What were you wondering, worrying, feeling?

DIALOGUE/EXCLAMATION: What did you say or exclaim?

SOUND EFFECT: What did you hear?

Menu for Extended Endings

• A MEMORY:

What did you remember most?

• FEELINGS:

How did you feel about what happened?

• WISH or HOPE: What would you wish or hope?

• DECISION:

What did you decide?

DEFINING ACTION: What did you do?



4 Point Narrative Writing Rubric

- **0 Unscorable!** Wrote nothing, illegible or wrote about something different from the prompt.
- 1 Still has a Way to Go! Shopping list. Too short. Hard to understand. Not enough details and interesting words.
- 2 Still needs Work! It has a little bit of detail, but mostly general details like nice, good, red, blue, very, etc. It has an okay beginning, middle and end. Lacks a single entertaining MAIN EVENT! Does not include the main character's feelings or reactions. Needs more elaboration to make it interesting.
- 3 Good! Has a beginning, middle, end, organized. Has some specific elaborative details and remains focused on the important events. Needs more elaboration to make it interesting. Although there is a single main event, the piece lacks a balance of action, description, and dialogue for a significant, single, and entertaining main event. Does not include enough of the main character's feelings or reactions. Includes evidence of most parts of the writing diamond.
- 4 Great! Fantastic! Has a strong beginning, middle and end. It is interesting and entertaining. Stays focused on the important events. There is clear evidence of every section of the writing diamond and lots of great description. Author uses interesting words, vivid vocabulary and sentence variety. There is a mixture of action, description, feelings and dialogue. This story is smooth and easy to read.