10 tips for understanding how palliative care can help people with cancer

- Palliative care provides an extra layer of support for anyone living with cancer: you may receive palliative care at any age and at any stage of cancer illness and at the same time as receiving treatment for the cancer.
- 2. Palliative care is not the same as hospice (which is care for people who are usually in the last 6 months of life); it is not reserved for the end of life.
- Palliative care focuses on the person with cancer AND on the person's family/support system, since cancer affects you and those who care about you.
- 4. Palliative care improves **quality of life and wellness** by helping symptoms caused by the cancer as well as symptoms caused by treatments for cancer.
- 5. Palliative care is "whole person" care: your physical, emotional, and spiritual comfort all contribute to your quality of life.
- 6. You do not have to tolerate pain! Untreated pain may decrease appetite, interrupt normal sleep, and even cause depression. Always tell your treatment team if you are experiencing pain.
- 7. **Not all treatments for symptoms are medication**: your team will help you explore effective treatments (like acupuncture, massage, meditation, physical therapy, counseling) to find the combination that works best for you.
- 8. A big part of whole person care is **understanding what matters most to you** and what your goals for treatment are. **Ask about Advance Care Planning**.
- 9. Studies show that people with serious cancers who receive early palliative care may **live longer**, as well as have better quality of life!
- 10. You may qualify for palliative care services at home...ask your team!