

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Global Harmonized System

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION



2. GHS HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Sept 29,2017



Twin Rivers Technologies

May causes severe skin burns and eye damage

617-472-9200

European Hazard Classification: This product is classified as C – Corrosive, Xi – Irritant; R34 – Causes burns, R38 – irritating to eyes and skin

• Emergency Overview: DANGER: CORROSIVE CAUTION: Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Potential Health Effects:

•	Eye:	May cause severe or permanent damage
•	Skin:	causes burns
•	Inhalation:	May elicit pulmonary irritation if mist or vapors are formed
		May cause coughing or difficult breathing.
•	Ingestion:	Causes burns to mucous membranes

If product is heated, vaporization can occur. Eye, skin, and upper respiratory irritation may occur.

Physical/Chemical Hazards: None identified
Environmental Hazards: None identified.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/Preparation (mixture): Substance					
Name	CAS No.	Wt/Wt %	EC No.	EC Symbols	EC R-phrases
Caproic Fatty Acids, C6	142-62-1	90 - 100	205-550-7	C, Xi	R34, R38

Hazardous Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



HMIS

Component:	Classification:	Concentration:
Hexanoic Acid		
CAS-No. 142-62-1	Met. Corr. 1; Skin Corr, 1C	≤100 %
EC-No. 2005-550-7	H290, H314	

Occupational exposure limits, if applicable, are listed in Section 8. LC/LD50 information is listed in Section 11.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

• Eye:	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
• Skin:	Wash skin with soap and water upon contact. Remove contaminated clothing. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.
• Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.
• Ingestion:	Remove material from mouth. Drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

• Extinguishing Media:	SMALL FIRES: LARGE FIRES:	Use CO2 or dry chemical. Use foam.
• Unsuitable extinguishing media:		Do not use water as an extinguishing media.
• Flash Point and method:		275° F (135° C) PMCC
• Explosive limits in air:	Upper: Lower:	Not available Not available
• Auto-ignition temperature:		Not available.
• Sensitivity to mechanical impact/station	c discharge:	Not available.
Special Protective Equipment:		Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.
• Other Fire Fighting Considerations:		Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
• Exposure hazards:		Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide and / or carbon dioxide.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEAS	URES	
• Personal Precautions: An appropriate N dust is generated damaged contain clothing.		NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator should be used if a mist, vapor or . Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not touch lers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective
Environmental Precautions: Minimize contar		nination of drains, surface and ground waters.
• Procedures for Spill/Leak Clean-up: Neutralization no other non-combu any grease or oil		ot required. Contain spill. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or stible material and transfer to containers for disposal. Dispose as y material in compliance with Federal, State, and/or Local

requirements.

Refer to Section 8 for additional personal protection information. Refer to Section 13 for disposal considerations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

• Handling:	Handle in accordance with good hygiene and safety procedures. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Prevent formation of dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Since empty containers contain product residue and can be dangerous, follow all hazard warnings and precautions even after container is emptied. Keep away from sources of ignition.
• Storage:	Keep away from possible contact with incompatible substances. Store in acid resistant vessels such as stainless steel, aluminum, or steel coated with resin lining such as Lithcote LC-19 or Kanigen. Do not store near sources of ignition.
• Specific use(s):	Follow bulk handling and storage procedures as noted above.
Refer to Section 6 for clean-up of spillages.	

Refer to Section 13 for disposal considerations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

General Precautions:		Good industrial hygiene should be followed. Avoid breathing (heated) vapors. Avoid eye and skin contact.
• Exposure Limit Values:		Not established
• Exposure Controls:		
Engineering Controls:	Ventilation:	Local exhaust: preferred Mechanical: may be necessary if working at elevated temperatures or in enclosed areas.
Personal Protective Equipment:	Eye:	Goggles or face shield with goggles, dependent upon potential exposure.
	Skin:	Protective gloves: Rubber or plastic Dependent upon degree of potential exposure, additional personal protective equipment may be required, such as chemical boots and full protective clothing.
	Inhalation:	None required for ambient temperature, although an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator should be used if a mist, vapor or dust is generated. A NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus or air-supplied respirator is recommended if the concentration exceeds the capacity of cartridge respirator. WARNING: Air purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
Other Controls:		Boots, eye wash fountain, safety shower, apron, protective clothing.
Environmental Exposure Controls:		Contact Twin Rivers Technologies for specific Community

information.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

General Information:	
Physical State at 72° F (22° C):	Liquid
Appearance:	Water white to light yellow
Odor:	Musty, pungent
Odor Threshold:	Not available
• Important health, safety and environmental	information:
pH:	3 - 4 (non-aqueous)
Boiling point/Boiling range:	>450°F (>232°C) @ 760 mm Hg (101.3kPa)
Flash Point & Method:	275° F (135° C) PMCC
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available
Explosive properties:	Not available
Oxidizing properties:	Not available
Vapor pressure:	@ 72° F (22° C) < 1 mm Hg
Relative density:	0.9 @ 72°F/22° C
Freezing point:	Not available
Solubility:	Water solubility: Negligible @ 72° F (22° C)
-	Fat solubility (solvent-oil to be specified): Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available
Viscosity:	Not available
Vapor density:	Not available
Evaporation Rate (nBuOAc=1):	Not available
Explosive Limits:	Not available
Auto ignition temperature:	Not available
Coefficient of water/oil distribution:	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

• Stability:

• Conditions to Avoid:

• Materials to Avoid:

• Hazardous Decomposition Products:

• Hazardous Polymerization:

Stable under normal operational procedures. None identified. Avoid strong oxidizing agents. Does not decompose up to 400° F (204° C).Themal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide. Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICITY DATA

LD50 skin, rabbit LD50 oral, rat

IRRITATION DATA

Skin, rabbit Eye, rabbit HEXANOIC ACID 630 mg/kg 3000 mg/kg

<u>ATION DATA</u> bbit

HEXANOIC ACID 10 mg/24H OPEN MLD 695 ug. SEV

OCTANOIC ACID

>5g/kg > 10g/kg

OCTANOIC ACID Corrosive

Corrosive

Acute Oral Toxicity (Rats)

The LD50 for albino rats was 12.6 gm/kg of body weight.

Eye Irritation (Rabbits)

Undiluted Hexanoic/Octanoic Acid with no rinsing of the eyes produced severe ocular damage whereas rinsing the eyes with water after instillation of the test material reduced involvement to mild to moderate but transient irritation.

Eye Irritation (Monkeys)

Undiluted Hexanoic/Octanoic Acid, with no rinsing of the eyes with water after instillation, produced superficial corneal effects and rather severe congestion of the conjunctiva. All eyes were normal within nine days after instillation of the test material.

Skin Irritation (Four-Hour Test)*

	Primary Irritation Index	Degree of Irritancy
Rabbits	4.5	Moderate
Guinea Pigs	0.5	Slight
Humans	2.3	Moderate



H311 Toxic in contact with skin

H314 May causes severe skin burns and eye damage

* "Interspecies Comparisons of Skin Irritancy", by G. A. Nixon, C. A. Tyson and W.C. Wertz; Tox. & Appld. Pharm. 31: 481-490 (1975)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HEXANOIC ACID		
Fathead minnow	96h LC50	88 mg/l
Red killifish	LC50: in seawater	235 mg/l
	in freshwater	80 mg/l
Daphnia magna	24h LC50	22 mg/l
Gammarus	96h LC50	235 mg/l
<u>Octanoic acid:</u> Daphnia magna Leuciscus idus	24h EC50: 48h LC50:	550 mg/l 173 mg/l
Red killifish	96h LC50: in seawater	105 mg/l
Bluegill sunfish	in freshwater 96h LC50:	57 mg/l 39.9 mg/l
Nitzschia closterium	72h EC50:	144 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL IS TO BE PERFORMED IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE/PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. Do not dispose of via sinks, drains or into the immediate environment.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Hexanoic and octanoic acid), 8, UN3265, III

Land Transport (ADR/RII))
Class/Packaging group	8/III
Hazard ID No.	80
UN No.	3265
Proper Shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s
	(Hexanoic and octanoic acid)
Sea Transport (IMDG)	
Class/Packaging group	8/III
UN No.	3265
EmS	8-15
MFAG	760 + Subsection 4.3
Proper Shipping Name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.
	(Hexanoic and octanoic acid)
Marine Pollutant	No
Air transport (ICAO/IATA	A)
UN No. 3265	
Class/Packing group	8/III
Proper shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.
	(Hexanoic acid, Octanoic acid)

15. ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

INVENTORY STATUS: Listed on TSCA, EINECS, NDSL (Canada)*, Korea, Philippines, China * NOTE: All components are listed on DSL.

EC LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION:

According to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC

		Contains hexanoic and octanoic acids
- Symbol:	С	Corrosive
	Xi	Irritant
- Risk phrase(s):	R34	Causes burns.
-	R38	irritating to eyes and skin
- Safety phrase(s):	S36/37/39	Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection
	S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
	S28	After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water
	S45	In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately
		(show the label where possible).

Canada

<u>HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS – WHMIS (Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System)</u> This product when tested as a whole is considered a controlled substance, Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B (skin and eye irritant, toxic) within the meaning of the Hazardous Products Act.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the



SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

US OSHA Labeling:	CAUTION: Can cause severe burns Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
	 In case of contact: EYES- Immediately flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention. SKIN- Wash with soap and plenty of water. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated shoes.
References:	SAX'S DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS, 9th Edition, Edited by Richard J. Lewis
	V. R. Mattson, et al, "Acute toxicity of selected organic compounds to fathead minnows," EPA-600/3-76-097, Oct. 1976.
	K. Verschueren. Handbook of environmental data on organic chemicals, 3rd ed. (1998).
	Acute toxicity and irritation studies on a series of fatty acids. J. Am. Oil Chem. Soc., 56(1979), p.760A.
	BIBRA toxicity profile (1988) n-Octanoic acid. BIBRA toxicity profile (1996) n-Decanoic acid.
	Stillman, M.A. et al, Relative Irritancy of Free Fatty Acids of Different Chain Length. Contact Dermatitis, 1, 65 (1975).
	Swisher, R.D., Surfactant Biodegradation, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1970.
	"Interspecies Comparisons of Skin Irritancy", by G.A. Nixon, C.A. Tyson and W.C. Wertz; Tox. & Appld. Pharm. 31: 481-490 (1975).
	"Safety Studies on a Series of Fatty Acids", by G.B. Briggs, R.L. Doyle and J.A. Young; Amer. Ind. Hyg. Assoc. J.; 251-253 (April 1976).

The submission of the SDS may be required by law, but this is not an assertion that the substance is hazardous when used in accordance with proper safety practices and normal handling procedures. Data supplied are for use only in connection with occupational safety and health.

The information contained herein has been compiled from sources considered by Twin Rivers Technologies to be dependable and is accurate to the best of the Company's knowledge. The information relates to the specific product designated herein, and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or any other process. Twin Rivers Technologies assumes no responsibility for injury to the recipient or third persons, or for any damage to any property resulting from misuse of the controlled product.

This Safety Data Sheet complies with OSHA/EPA/EU Standards and Requirements

CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call: 1-800-424-9300 International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887