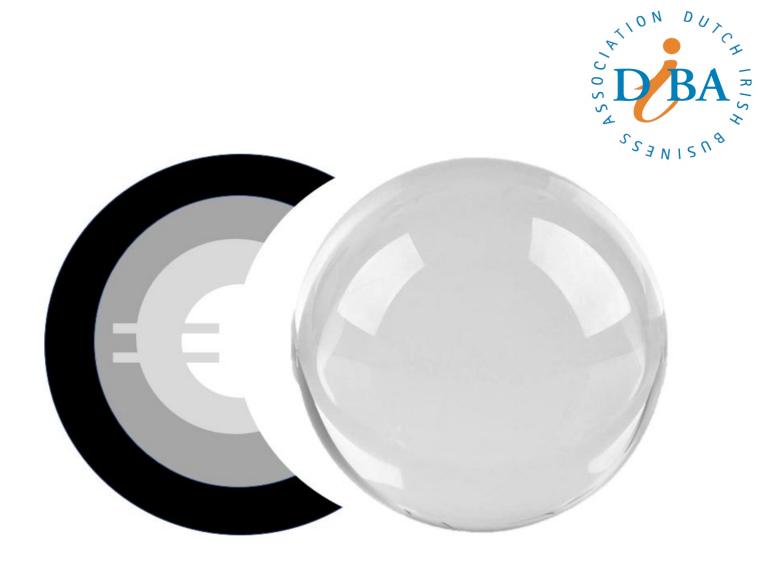
THE ECONOMY IN UNCHARTED TERRITORY

HAN DE JONG CRYSTAL CLEAR ECONOMICS

15 OCTOBER 2020



AGENDA

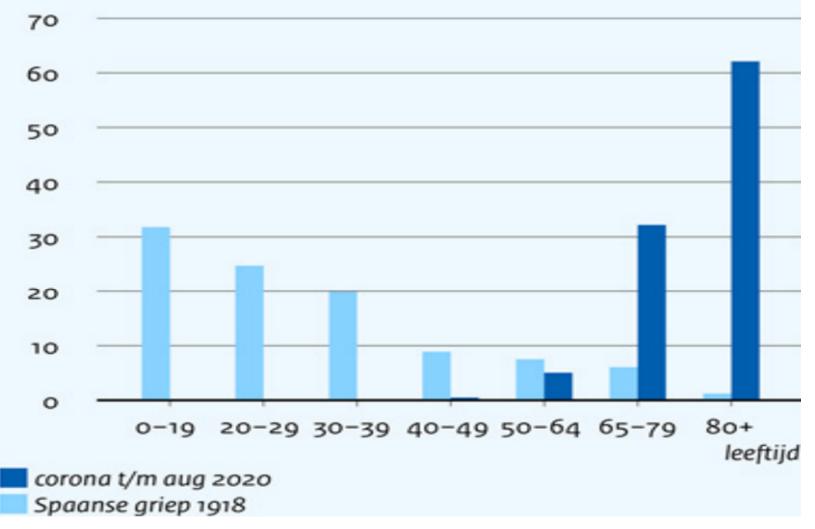
The virus

- The economic downturn
- The economic policy response
- The economic upturn



NL: DEATHS AS % OF TOTAL BY AGE GROUP

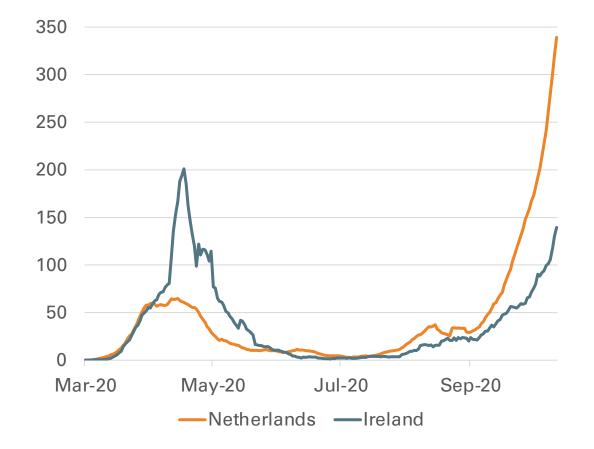
(SPAANSE GRIEP = SPANISH FLU; LEEFTIJD = AGE)

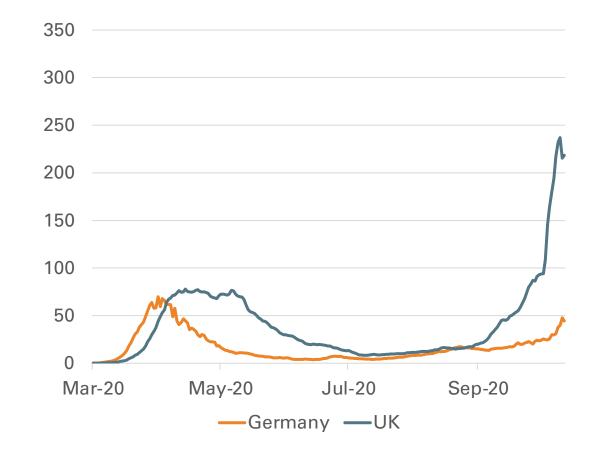




CRYSTAL CLEAR ECONOMICS

COVID-19 INFECTIONS PER 1 MLN PEOPLE, 7-DAY AVERAGE (UP TO 12/10)





RIJON

JSINESS

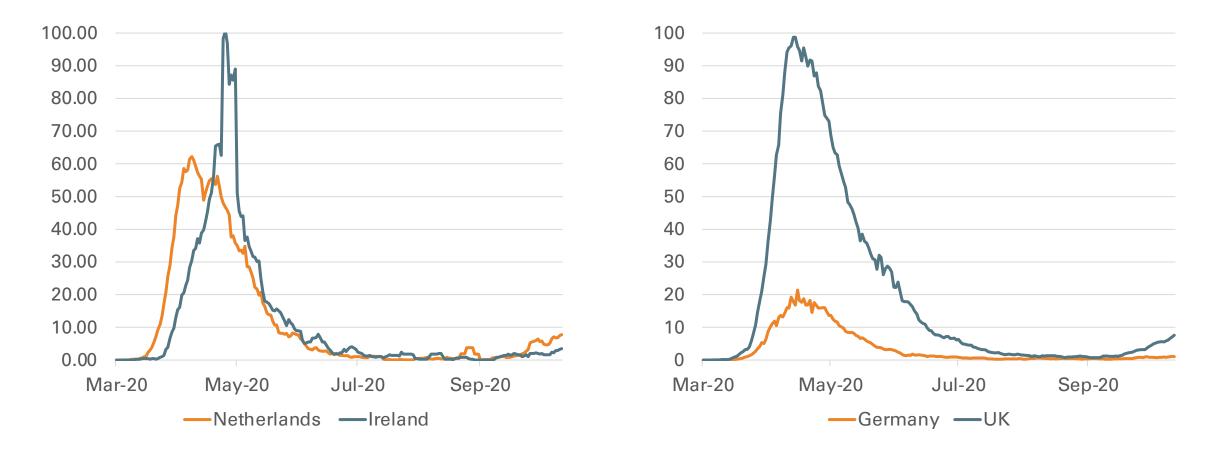
ပ 0 0

SS

DU

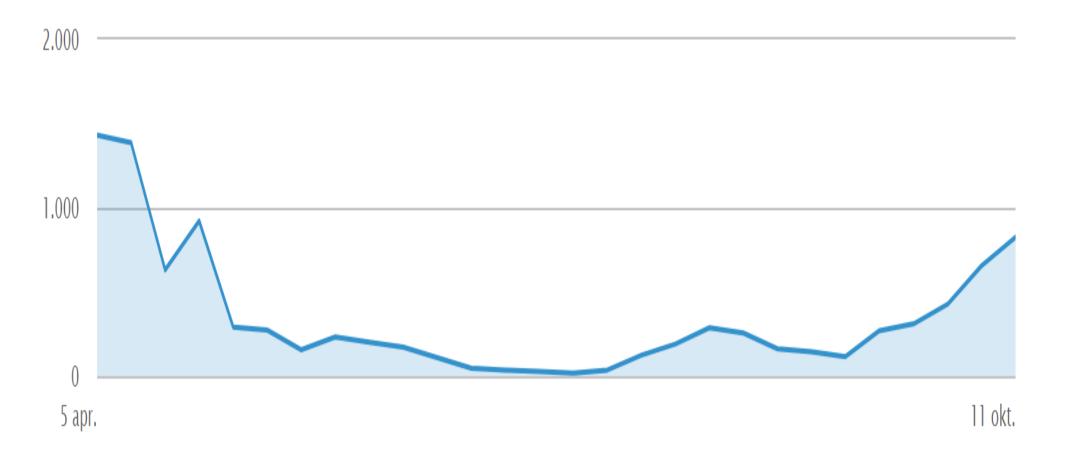


COVID-19 DEATHS PER 1 MLN PEOPLE, 7-DAY TOTAL



SOURCE: REFINITIV DATASTREAM

N ON AND SOC **NETHERLANDS: VIRUS PARTICLES PER MILLILITER SEWAGE WATER**

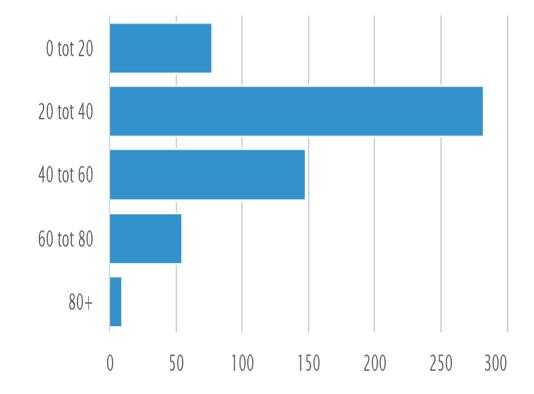


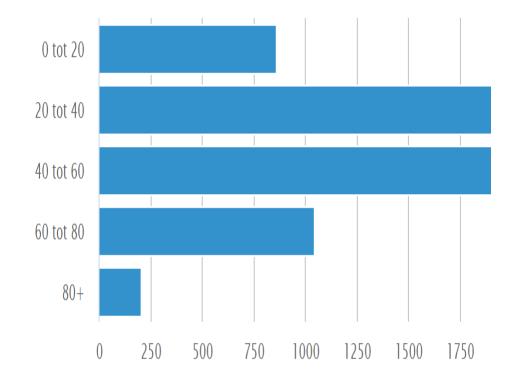
ѿ

S

NSINES

NETHERLANDS: NUMBER OP PEOPLE TESTED POSITIVE BY AGE GROUP: LATE AUGUST (LEFT) AND RECENT (RIGHT)





RION

JSINES

SOC

SA

DU

CORONA RECESSION BREAKING WORLD RECORDS

- Caused by an external shock, not by an 'inherent economic imbalance'
- Unprecedentedly abrupt, a 'world record'
- The largest ever number of countries in recession at the same time, a 'world record'
- Very deep, though no 'record'
- Response by governments and central banks very quick and forceful, a 'world record'
- Unprecedented disruption to businesses' earnings models, a 'world record'

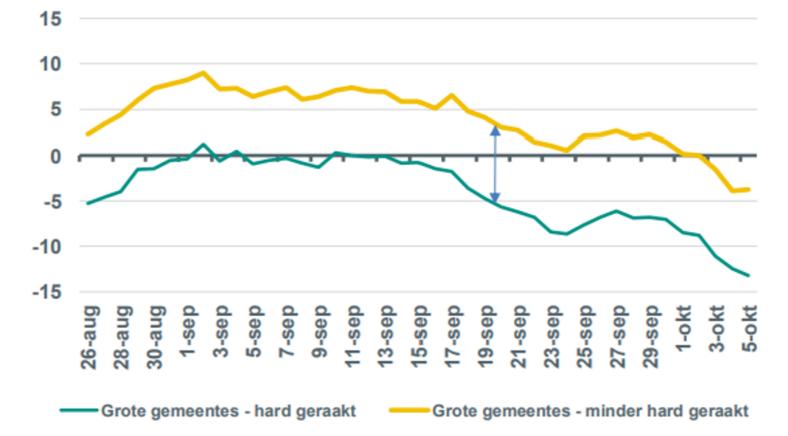
WHAT DO YOU THINK?



Which is the most important factor causing the economic downturn?

- 1. Mostly people's fear for the deadly virus
- 2. Mostly the government's restrictions
- 3. People's fear and the restrictions more or less equally

NL: NUMBER OF ELECTRONINC PAYMENTS IN SHOPS GREEN: CITIES WITH HIGH INFECTIONS RATE; YELLOW: CITIES WITH LOW INFECTIONS RATE, % Y-O-Y



A LON

SS

D

DZINES

70

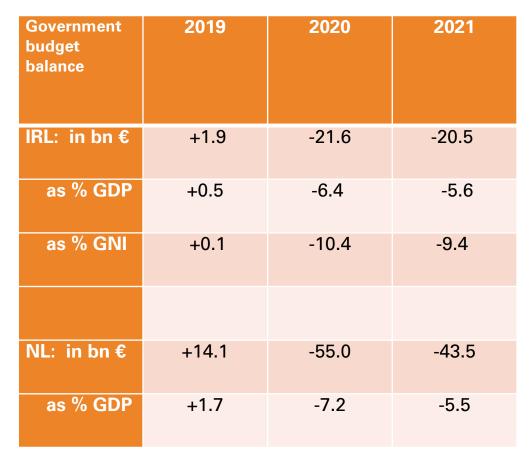
WHAT DO YOU THINK?

The policy response to the economic downturn by governments and central banks...

- 1. ...has been too much
- 2. ...has been more or less correct
- 3. ...has been too little



GOVERNMENT BUDGETS IN THE COVID WORLD



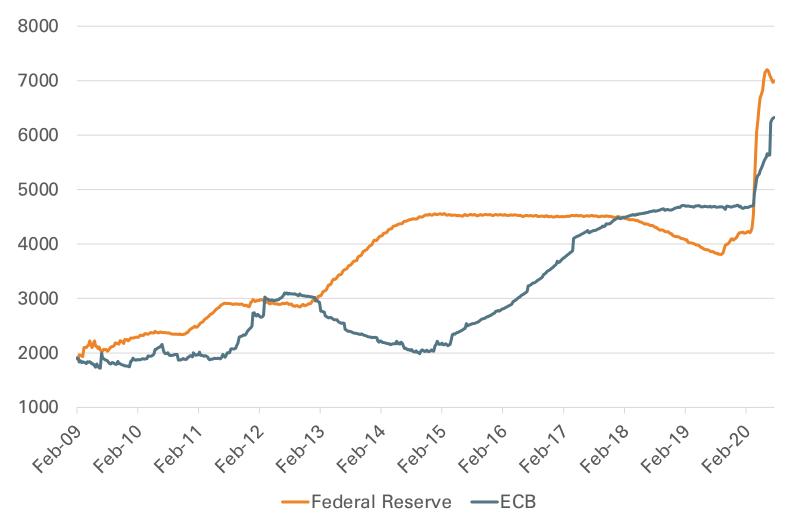
US federal budget balance USD bn 12-month moving total



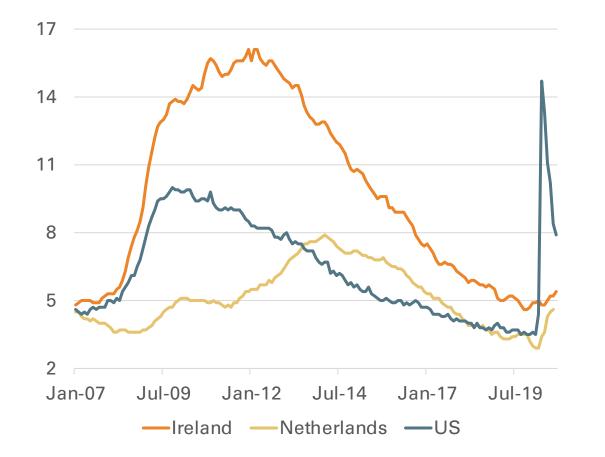


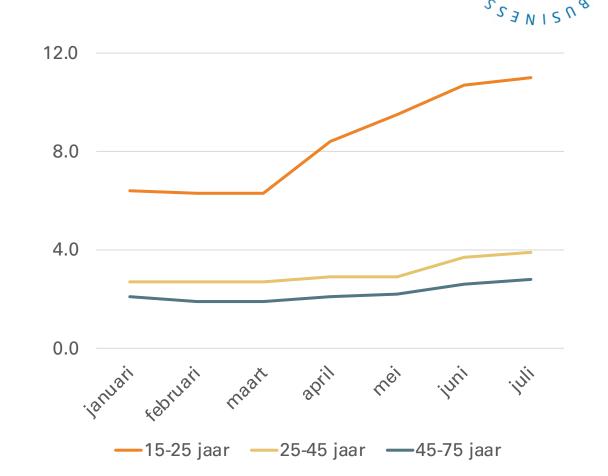
CRYSTAL CLEAR ECONOMICS

BALANCE SHEET TOTAL (BN OF NATIONAL CURENCIES)



UNEMPLOYMENT (%) (PER AGE GROUP IN NL)

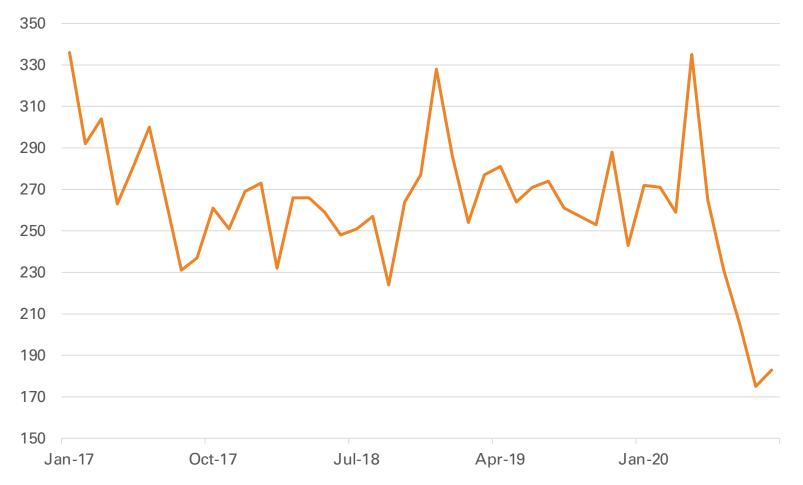




R JON

D

NL: NUMBER OF BANKRUPTCIES PER MONTH

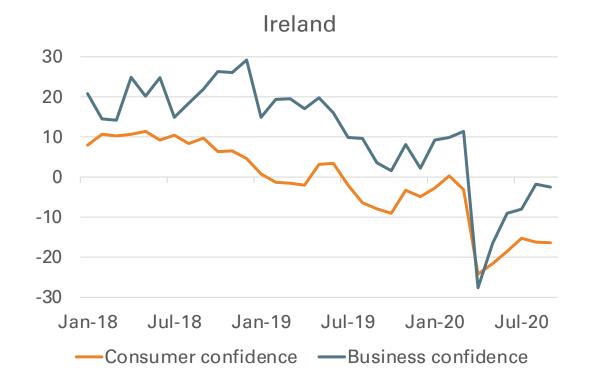


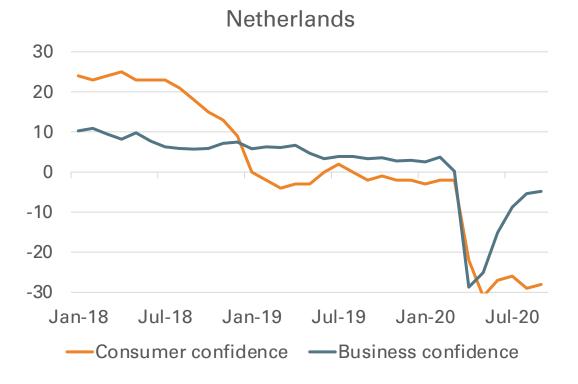


SOURCE: CBS

BUSINESS CONFIDENCE BOUNCES BACK, CONSUMER CONFIDENCE LESS SO







WHAT DO YOU THINK?

The business model of my company is being seriously challenged



- 1. No, we're fine
- 2. Yes, but only in the short term
- 3. Yes, also in the medium term, but we will manage
- 4. Yes, our business model is fundamentally broken
- 5. Don't know

HOW IRISH COMPANIES ARE FARING



Level of trading of companies (%)	23 August	Companies trading at partial capacity %	23 August
At normal capacity	63.3	Over 75% of capacity	24.9
At partial capacity	33.0	Between 50% and 75%	38.3
	55.0	Between 25% and 50%	19.4
Ceased trading	2.5		15.0
temporarily		Below 25%	15.0
Ceased trading permanently	1.2	Don't know	2.4

IRISH COMPANIES UNDER PRESSURE BUT IMPROVING



% of companies availing of	27 July – 23 August	% of companies	16 March - 26 July	27 July – 23 August
government supports		Costs exceed turnover	20.4	12.2
YES	45.7	Costs lower or equal to	68.9	76.5
NO	54.3	turnover		
		Don't know	10.7	11.3

NL: % OF COMPANIES SAYING THEY CANNOT SURVIVE ANOTHER 12 MONTHS OF CORONA CRISIS



INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL DECIMATED THE IMPROVEMENT HAS STALLED





International travel %	Ireland, air and sea arrivals	Schiphol passengers
August 2020 (y-o-y)	-83.9	-72.8
Jan-Aug 2020 (y-o-y)	-72.7	-66.2

CONTAINER THROUGHPUT IN PORTS (INDEX)





UNUSUAL POSITIVES IN THE US ECONOMY





A TION

SS

D

70

CONCLUSIONS

- The world economy entered an abrupt and deep recession in Q2 of 2020
- The policy response has been extremely forceful



- While a recovery is underway, company bankruptcies and unemployment will still rise for some time yet
- *Where the virus goes, the economy goes'* new lockdown measures in NL and IRL will hurt
- Brexit is another challenge, especially for IRL, but also for NL
- The business model in a range of sectors is seriously challenged in the short, medium and perhaps even long term
- Reasons for hope:
 - The policy response
 - China's remarkably strong recovery
 - Surprising resilience of housing markets
 - Surprising strength of corporate investment spending in some countries

WHAT DO YOU THINK?



This presentation has made me...

- 1. ...somewhat more pessimistic
- 2. ...somewhat more optimistic
- 3. ...neither more pessimistic, nor more optimistic



THANK YOU

Follow my commentaries on

www.crystalcleareconomics.nl

(in Dutch only)